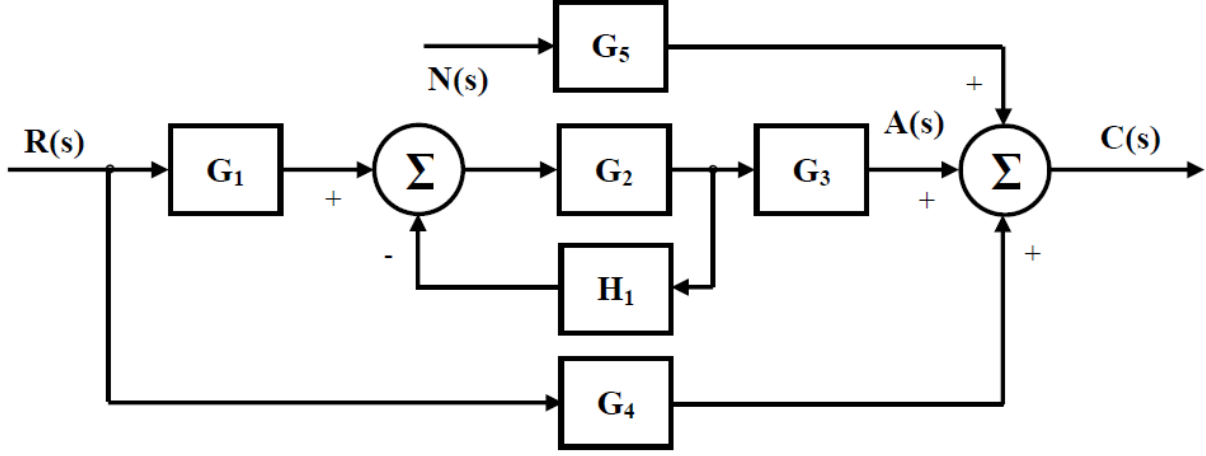


## ÇALIŞMA SORULARI ve CEVAPLARI

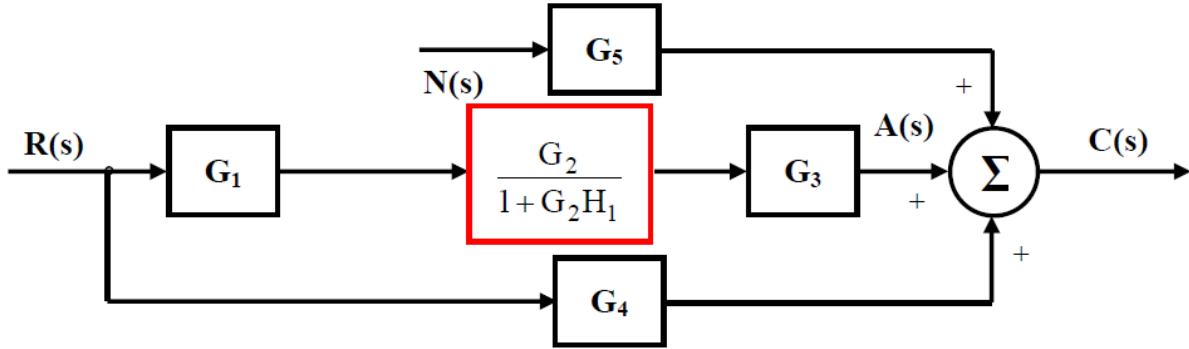
**Problem 1:** Aşağıdaki blok diyagram ile temsil edilen bir sistem için aşağıda verilen transfer fonksiyonlarını bulunuz.



- $G_{CN}(s)$
- $G_{CR}(s)$
- $G_{AN}(s)$
- $G_{AR}(s)$

### ÇÖZÜM:

Sorudaki tek döngüyü dönüştürelim. Böylece sorulan transfer fonksiyonlarını bulmamız kolaylaşır.



$$C(s) = A(s) + G_5 \cdot N(s) + G_4 \cdot R(s) \quad (1)$$

$$A(s) = \left( G_1 \cdot \frac{G_2}{1 + G_2 H_1} \cdot G_3 \right) R(s) \quad (2)$$

(2)'yi (1)'de yerine yazalım.

$$C(s) = \left( G_1 \cdot \frac{G_2}{1 + G_2 H_1} \cdot G_3 \right) R(s) + G_5 \cdot N(s) + G_4 \cdot R(s)$$

$$C(s) = \left( G_4 + \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_1} \right) R(s) + G_5 \cdot N(s) \quad (3)$$

- i.  $G_{CN}(s)$ 'yi bulmak için (3) denkleminde diğer giriş  $R(s)$ 'i sıfır kabul edelim.

$$C(s) = G_5 \cdot N(s) \Rightarrow \frac{C(s)}{N(s)} = G_{CN} = G_5$$

- ii.  $G_{CR}(s)$  'yi bulmak için (3) denkleminde diğer giriş  $N(s)$ 'i sıfır kabul edelim.

$$C(s) = \left( G_4 + \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_1} \right) R(s) \Rightarrow \frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = G_{CR} = \frac{G_4 + G_2 G_4 H_1 + G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_1}$$

- iii.  $A(s)$ ,  $N(s)$  arasında bir giriş çıkış ilişkisi yok dolayısıyla  $G_{AN}(s)=0$

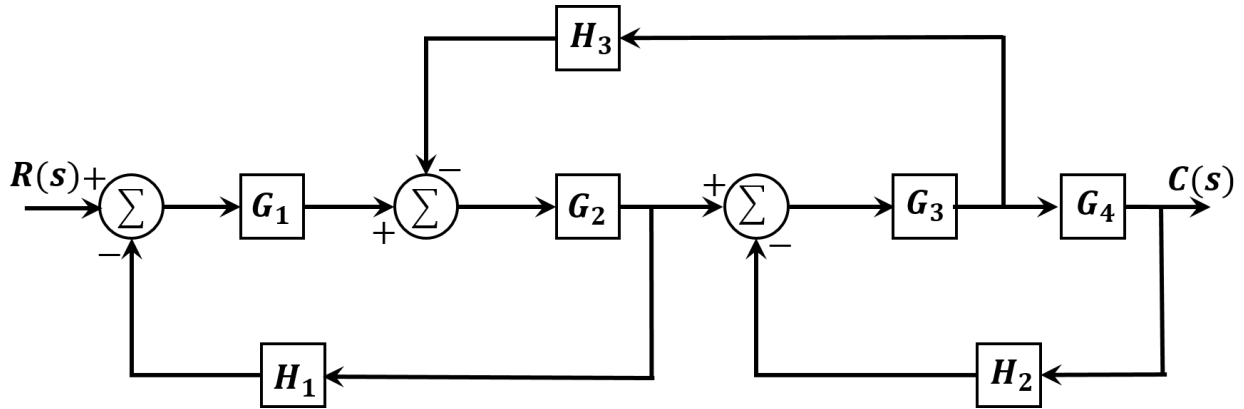
- iv.  $G_{AR}(s)$  (2) denkleminde bulunur.

$$G_{AR}(s) = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_2 H_1}$$

### Problem 2.

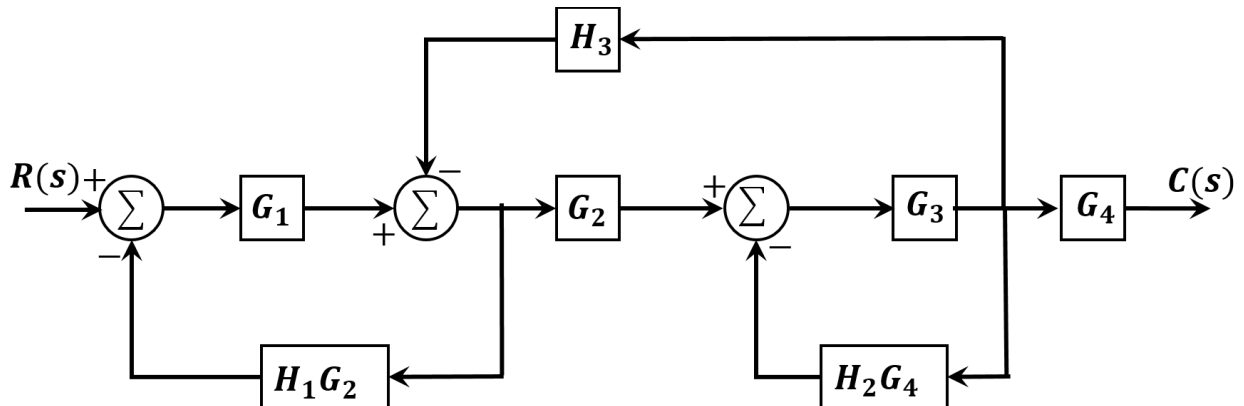
Aşağıda şekilde verilen blok diyagramı, giriş ve çıkış arasındaki transfer fonksiyonu  $G_{CR}(s) = \frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ 'i bulmak üzere

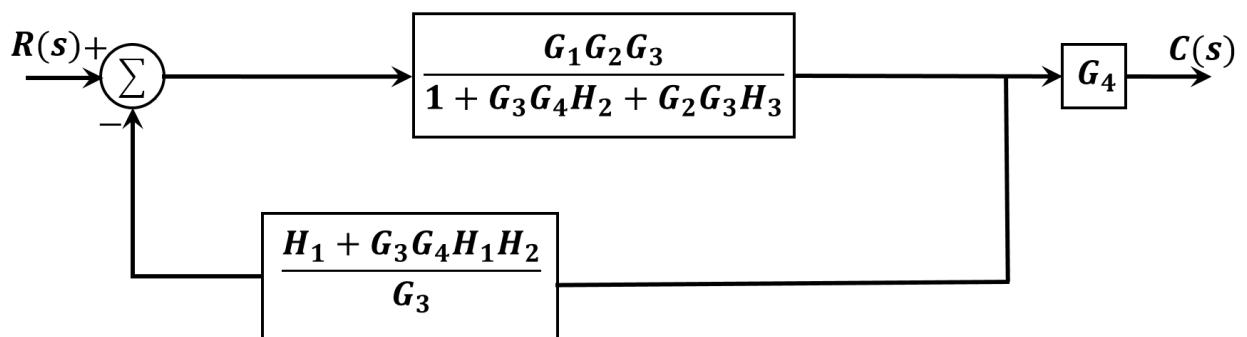
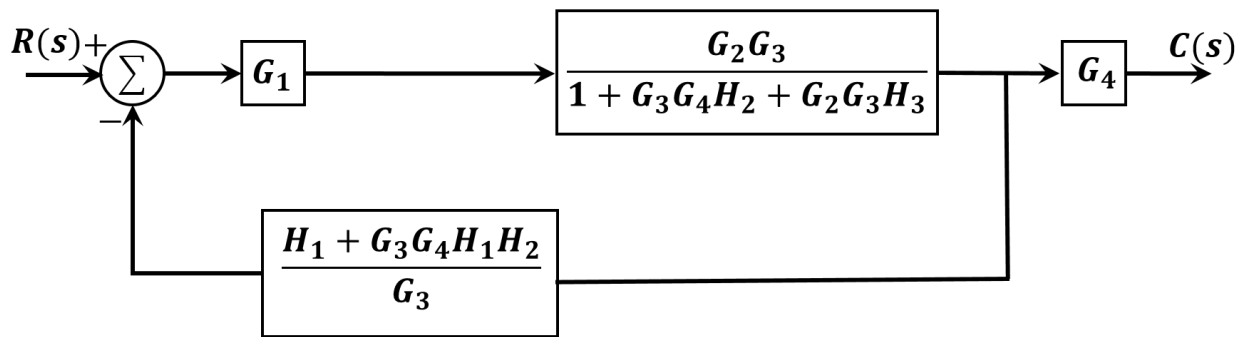
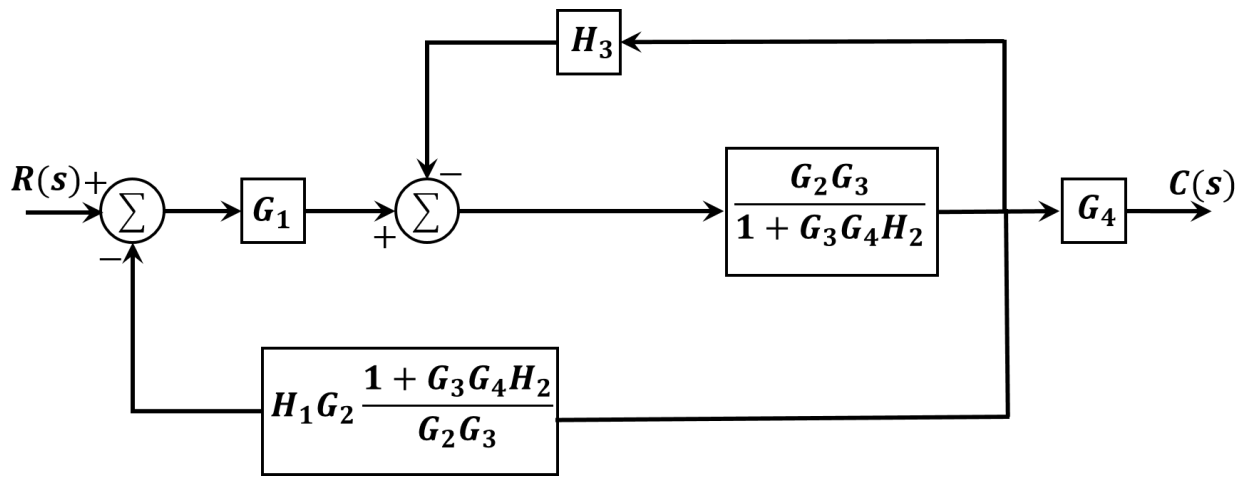
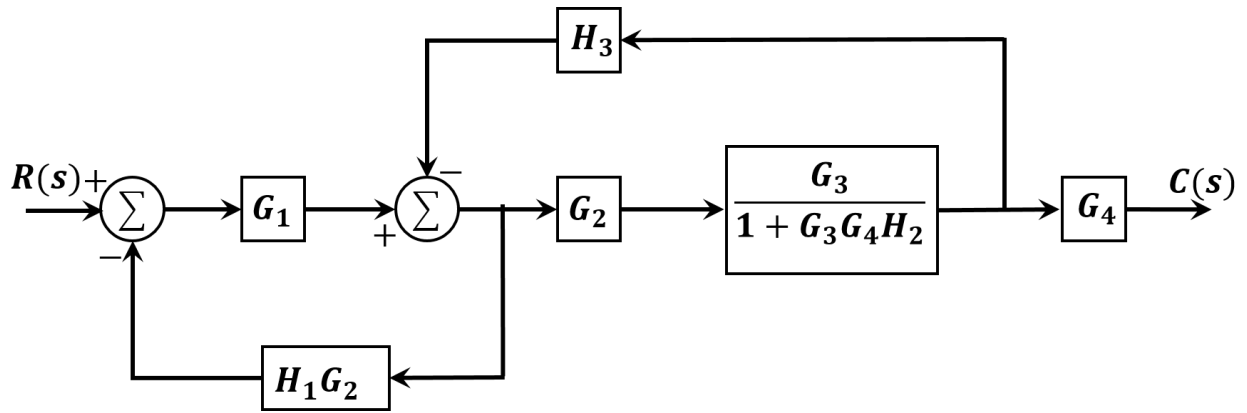
- i. Blok diyagram indirgeme kurallarını kullanarak  
ii. Giriş-çıkış denklemlerini yazarak cebirsel olarak bulunuz.

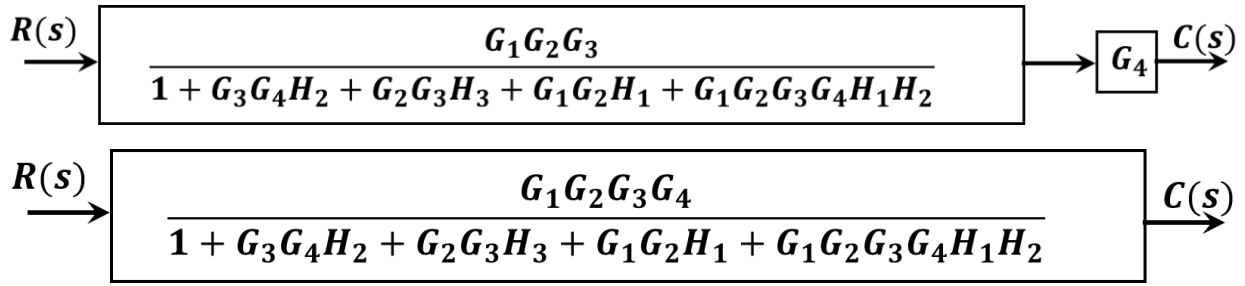


### Çözüm:

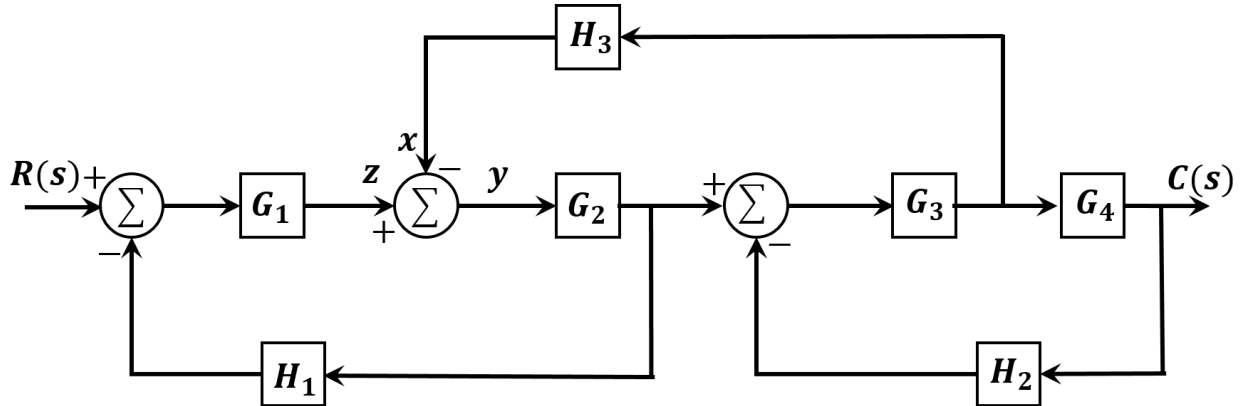
- i.) Blok diyagram indirgeme kurallarını kullanarak







ii.) Giriş-çıkış denklemlerini yazarak cebirsel olarak



$$z = (R(s) - yG_2H_1)G_1 = G_1R(s) - G_1G_2H_1y$$

$$x = (yG_2 - H_2C(s))G_3H_3 = yG_2G_3H_3 - G_3H_2H_3C(s)$$

$$C(s) = (yG_2 - H_2C(s))G_3G_4 = yG_2G_3G_4 - G_3G_4H_2C(s) \Rightarrow y = \frac{1 + G_3G_4H_2}{G_2G_3G_4} C(s)$$

$$y = z - x = G_1R(s) - G_1G_2H_1y - yG_2G_3H_3 + G_3H_2H_3C(s)$$

$$y(1 + G_1G_2H_1 + G_2G_3H_3) = G_1R(s) + G_3H_2H_3C(s)$$

$$\frac{1 + G_3G_4H_2}{G_2G_3G_4} (1 + G_1G_2H_1 + G_2G_3H_3)C(s) = G_1R(s) + G_3H_2H_3C(s)$$

$$(1 + G_1G_2H_1 + G_2G_3H_3 + G_3G_4H_2 + G_1G_2G_3G_4H_1H_2 + G_2(G_3)^2G_4H_2H_3 - G_2(G_3)^2G_4H_2H_3)C(s) = G_1G_2G_3G_4R(s)$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1G_2G_3G_4}{1 + G_1G_2H_1 + G_2G_3H_3 + G_3G_4H_2 + G_1G_2G_3G_4H_1H_2}$$

Problem 3.